

International Indian School – Riyadh

Worksheet for SA 2 2015-2016

English

Grammar Worksheet

Class III

Conjunctions

I. Define conjunctions - Give two examples

II. Pick out the conjunctions in the following sentences

1. Sit down and stop talking. _____
2. The dog was barking because it was hungry. _____
3. The train was late so we could not attend the meeting. _____
4. The children went home as it was getting dark. _____
5. Somebody stole my watch while I was sleeping. _____
6. Unless you apologize, you will be punished. _____
7. Robert loves dogs but he is allergic to them. _____
8. If you try hard, you will succeed. _____
9. We must wait till John comes, because he has all our tickets. _____
10. We knocked at the door but nobody answered. _____
11. Though poor himself, he tried to help others. _____
12. Is Ben your brother or your cousin? _____

13. He ran away because he was afraid. _____
14. I took my umbrella as it was raining. _____
15. Ana needed some money as she took a part time job. _____

III. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions.

[because, but, and, if, or, so, unless, as, while, until, though]

1. He is rich _____ he is not happy.
2. He did not work hard _____ he failed.
3. _____ you are lucky, you may win a lottery.
4. I saw Rohan _____ Ali on the road.
5. Is the milk hot _____ cold ?
6. Mother is resting _____ she is sick.
7. My book has riddles _____ jokes.
8. He is my friend _____ I will help.
9. Her French is good _____ her English is bad.
10. I ate four bananas _____ I was hungry.
11. Work hard _____ you will fail.
12. Drink a glass of water _____ you are thirsty.
13. _____ she signs these papers, she will not get the loan.
14. _____ the film was dull, we didn't see the whole of it.
15. Make hay _____ the sun shines.
16. Wait here _____ I come back.
17. _____ Joe was hungry, he refused to eat anything.
18. Tina is short _____ sweet.

19. Walk carefully _____ you might slip.
20. You will be granted leave _____ you apply in time.

Prepositions

I. Underline the prepositions

1. I found the keys under the chair.
2. He kept the pizza on the table.
3. Penguins live in the South Pole.
4. The hare ran across the road.
5. There is fresh air around us.
6. This letter is from your brother.
7. The child was playing near the road.
8. The fisherman sat by the lake.
9. The train went through the tunnel.
10. I will reach the venue at 6.00 PM.
11. My birthday is on July 31.
12. The chair is kept beside the table.
13. He is down with fever.
14. The sky is above us.
15. This train is from Delhi to Patna.

II. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions

[on , by , from , of , off , behind , with , at , in , for , above , down , into , across , with, after]

1. The children are hiding _____ the rock.
2. Many people travel _____ train.

3. The meeting starts _____ 9' O clock.
4. The little girl was playing _____ the doll.
5. Our plane is flying _____ the clouds.
6. There are two bridges _____ the river.
7. Tom is running _____ his dog.
8. Let us wait _____ the sun to rise.
9. The king was walking _____ the stairs.
10. The rat ran _____ its hole.
11. There is a computer _____ his desk.
12. The box is full _____ toys.
13. The driver jumped _____ the car.
14. My house is _____ Chennai.
15. She parted _____ her children _____ tears.

Subject and Predicate

Write the subject and predicate from the given sentence

1. A rose is a beautiful flower.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
2. A tree has roots and branches.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
3. Rahul eats fruits every day.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
4. I live in a big flat.

- Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
5. The pyramids are in Egypt.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
6. Tom learns his lessons well.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
7. A rainbow has seven colours.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
8. My father will return home tomorrow.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
9. My mother's name is Leela.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
10. The baby is asleep in the cot.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
11. Sam and Jai are my best friends.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
12. Jupiter is the largest planet.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
13. The dog jumped down from the table.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
14. Riyadh is a big city.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____
15. Christmas comes once a year.
Subject: _____ Predicate: _____

Poem : SUNSHINE

Write the missing lines of the poem Sunshine.

If I could hold Sunshine

I'd scare away dragons

If I could hold Sunshine

Poet's name: _____

Q.1. What are the things the poet would like to do if she could hold the sunshine?

Q.2. Why will the speaker make a rainbow when it rains?

LN – 6 JANTAR MANTAR

I. Fill in the blanks

1. The _____ is the largest of the observatories.
2. A _____ would announce the less important things in the observatories.
3. The observatory at Jaipur has the biggest _____ in the world.
4. Rajput kings ruled _____ of years ago.
5. Raja Jai Singh built a set of _____ observatories.
6. Jantar Mantar means instruments used for _____.
7. A cannon was fired in the Jaipur Observatory to announce something _____.
8. A few _____ were used to study the night sky.

II. Write if these sentences are true (T) or not true (NT)

1. Raja Jai Singh did not wish to learn more about the objects in the sky. _____
2. Jaipur observatory has many objects made of concrete for measuring time. _____
3. One day, Raja Jai Singh saw some shadows move slowly across his garden. _____
4. The shadows made by the sun couldn't be used to tell the time correctly. _____
5. Raja Jai Singh saw the sky above him was filled with many stars. _____
6. The objects in Jaipur observatory are damaged now. _____
7. In the olden times a drummer would announce something very important. _____

LN – 10 : BIRBAL'S KHICHDI

I. Fill in the blanks

1. One cold winter day, Akbar and Birbal went for a walk along the _____.
2. Akbar said he would reward such a person with a _____.

3. The poor man kept his attention fixed on a _____.
4. A pot of khichdi hung _____ above the fire.
5. The king sent a _____ to Birbal's house to find out why didn't he come to court.
6. The messenger said that Birbal would come after his _____ was cooked.
7. The king realised his mistake and gave the poor man his _____.
8. Akbar removed his finger quickly from the water in the lake because it made him _____ with cold.

II. Write True or False

1. One hot day, Akbar and Birbal went for a walk. _____
2. Akbar touched the water of the lake with his leg. _____
3. Akbar said he would give the reward of thousand gold coins. _____
4. The guards took the man to Akbar at night. _____
5. There was a street lamp nearby. _____
6. The king sent a guard to Birbal's house. _____
7. The king realised the mistake and rewarded the poor man. _____
8. Birbal was cooking vegetables. _____

III. Who said to whom

1. "I'm sure I can find such a person."

2. "Yes, Your Honour, I did."

3. "We can't give you a reward."

4. "I don't think so."

IV. Write questions for these answers. Use the simple present tense or the simple past tense. Use the words in the brackets.

1. _____
(your brother / watch cartoons often)

Yes, he does. He watches it every day.

2. _____
(you / see this movie / yesterday)

Yes, I did. I liked it.

3. _____
(you / know / how to make a paper boat)

No, I don't . But I'd like to learn.

4. _____
(Tom / go to his aunt's house / last night)

No, he didn't. He was not well.

5. _____
(the children / like ice-cream)

Yes, they do. They like to eat it every day.

6. _____
(you / enjoy the picnic)

Oh, yes I did . I loved it.

7. _____
(Ravi / go to the gym / every day)

Yes, he does. He does. He enjoys it.

V. Complete these questions using the question words in the box. Each question is word used only once.

[whose, where, which, who, when, how long, how many, why, what, how often, how much, whom]

1. _____ time is she coming home?
2. _____ is the post office?
3. _____ is David coming back?
4. _____ pets do you have?
5. _____ doll is your favourite?
6. _____ desk is this?
7. _____ is reading in the library?
8. _____ do you go to the market?
9. _____ are you so happy?
10. _____ will you take to finish your homework?
11. _____ does this jacket cost?
12. _____ did you go with the picnic

VI. Use do /does / did in the right places

1. _____ you want to go to the party?
2. _____ she work with James?
3. _____ Mary call you yesterday?
4. _____ the shop close earlier last weekend?
5. _____ you speak Urdu?
6. _____ your sister always talk on the phone?
7. _____ they live in Dammam?

8. _____ Rahul play with you every day?

9. _____ you see this film a year ago?

10. _____ Anil drive a red car?

VII. Complete these questions with Do / Did / Does.

1. _____ (Do / Did) she sing well last night?

2. _____ (Do /Does) your mother speak English at home?

3. _____ (Did / Does) you go for a walk yesterday?

4. _____ (Do / Does) Jim listen to music?

5. _____ (Does / Do) you take bath every day?

6. _____ (Do / Does) Jane has a blue pen?

7. _____ (Did / Does) they leave without saying good bye last night?

8. _____ (Does / Do) you eat fish?

VIII. Complete the sentences using the right words from the box

[waves, squeeze, press, scratch, shakes, knead, pinch, stroke]

1. If you _____ the button, the door will open.

2. It was all so beautiful I had to _____ myself to be sure I wasn't dreaming.

3. The little girl always _____ when she sees someone leaving.

4. Touch and _____ your pet animal daily, it strengthens the bond with its owner.
5. Gently _____ the fruit to see if it is ripe.
6. _____ the dough until it is smooth to make pizza.
7. Will you _____ my back for me?
8. Do not _____ a cold drink can before opening it.

LN -11 : THE LOST CAMEL

I. Fill in the blanks

1. The lost camel is a play based on a _____ fairy tale.
2. The king wanted to build a fine, new _____.
3. The camel was carrying a load of _____ and _____.
4. The people in the country are mostly _____.
5. The neighbour , the king of _____ was building a new palace.
6. The ministers had noticed a camel _____ on the road.
7. The camel was _____ in one leg and _____ in one eye.

II. Write True or False

1. The king was foolish and greedy. _____
2. The people in the kingdom are very rich. _____
3. The camel was carrying a load of sugar and rice. _____
4. The ministers had seen the camel. _____
5. In the end, the king punished his ministers. _____
6. The man had complained that the ministers had stolen his sheep. _____

III. Sara had a list of things to do on the weekend.

Look at the table.

The things she did are marked ✓ and those she didn't do are marked X. Rewrite the sentences in simple past tense.

1. Bring vegetables ✓
2. Drive the car X.
3. Meet her aunt X
4. Write a letter to her friend ✓
5. Finish her homework ✓
6. Cook the pasta X

IV. **Change the verbs in the brackets into the past tense and rewrite these sentences.**

1. The birds (fly) in the sky this morning.

2. The carpenter (make) tables and chairs last week.

3. The farmer (grow) wheat last year.

4. The gardener (cut) the trees yesterday.

5. They (not do) their homework last night.

6. She (not wear) the new dress yesterday.

7. The peon (not ring) the bell.

8. Sana (go) to Hong Kong last year.

9. The teacher (draw) the map on the white board.

10. The boy (not have) a new bicycle.

V. **Complete the sentences with the opposites of the words in the box. Use prefix 'un'**

[happy, lucky, able, comfortable, willing, even, load, safe, available, fair]

1. The book that I have been looking for is _____ in this book store.

2. James was very _____ in his new school.

3. Ram's new shoes are very _____

4. P.T Usha was so _____ that she lost her Olympian medal by 1/100 seconds.

5. It's _____ to ride a bike in a busy street.

6. Ana is _____ to beat me in the video game.

7. They had to _____ the cargo from the truck.

8. The road was bumpy, it was _____.

9. They were _____ by not letting him play the game.

10. Rita was _____ to stay at home.

VI. **Circle the correct word to complete these sentences**

1. Abdullah (throws/threw) his hat to the monkey this morning.

2. Reema didn't (attends/attend) the dance class regularly.

3. He didn't (need/needs) the receipt now.

4. Amy (came/come) to school by a car this morning
5. Ali (caught/catches) the thief and (punishes/punished) him last week.

VII. Circle and write S(for synonyms) or A (for antonyms) of the given words

- | | | | | |
|------------|------------|-------|--------|-------------|
| 1. Clever | Beautiful | Ugly | Dull | Intelligent |
| 2. Sleepy | Pretty | Alert | Drowsy | Patient |
| 3. Believe | Disbelieve | Trust | Shy | Angry |
| 4. Patient | Calm | Happy | Silly | Impatient |

WRITING TASK

- I. Write a letter to your friend inviting him/her to your birthday party

II. Paragraph writing on an animal

Read the information and write a paragraph about the given animal using the given clues.

Giraffe.



1. What it looks like – world’s largest animal spotted patterns on its body, small horns on its head, long tongue, three feet long tail.	2. What it eats – leaves from tall trees
3. Where it is found – only in Africa	4. How it lives in hot weather – can live without water for days, gets water from leaves it eats.
5. Special features: travels in herds, can grow up to 19 feet, hunted for its skin and meat	

COMPREHENSION

I. Read the given poem carefully and answer the questions:

Sweet Dreams

If I could build my dream house,
I'd make the bricks from cherries.
I'd build the walls with waffles
And the roof with chocolate berries.
I'd have candy canes for trees
And green icing for the grass;
Plus a driveway made of sugar
And a pond of sassafras.
If I could build my dream house
I would probably never pout
Because then I'd know what Home Sweet Home
Is really all about.

Q.1. What are the things the poet would like to use for trees and grees?

Q.2. Write True or False

- a. The poet would make the bricks from bananas. _____
- b. The poet would make the roof with chocolate berries. _____

Q.3 Fill in the blanks

- a. The poet wants to build his _____.
- b. The driveway of the house will be made of _____.

Q.4. Write the name of the poem. _____

Q.5. Write the rhyming words from the poem for:

- a. Cherries - _____
- b. Pout - _____

II. Read the given passage and write the answers of the following questions:

Most birds can fly. There are some birds which have wings but cannot fly. One of these birds is a penguin. Penguins live in one of the coldest places in the world-the Antarctica – a land full of ice and snow. There are many kinds of penguins. One of its kind is Emperor Penguin. Emperor Penguins grow up to the largest of penguins. The fully grown Emperor is about four feet tall or a little more than a metre. A penguin’s long body has a shape which helps it live in the cold. Penguins have a thick layer of very light feathers called down and a thick layer of skin called blubber. The down and blubber keeps the body heat in and the cold air out. Emperor penguins have short wings that help them dive deep into the sea and catch large fish. They are great swimmers and can swim ten to fifteen kilometers an hour.

Q.1 Where do the penguins live?

Q.2 Which penguin is described in the paragraph?

Q.3 How do penguins keep their bodies warm?

Q.4 Why do penguins have short wings?

Q.5 Write True or False

- a. Emperor Penguin is the smallest of penguins. _____
- b. Penguins are found in Africa. _____
- c. Penguins are great swimmers. _____
- d. Penguins have a thick layer of skin called blubber. _____

Note:

(Learn all word meanings, make sentences, questions and answers from notebook and read the text book thoroughly)